"Hiddin'!" roared one.

them.

"They're goin' ter carry you off," snickered another, "same's they did

tother teacher."

Miss Wade was learning fast. Her

eyes were being opened and she was having a vision of human nature she

succeeded in interesting the younger

courage were strong within her.

I'wo weeks had passed, and condi

she cried rising and throw

# Horwich Bulletin

and Courier

119 YEARS OLD

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Norwich, Wednesday, Aug. 25, 1915

### The Circulation of The Bulletin

The Bulletin has the largest circulation of any paper in Eastern Connecticut and from three to four times larger than that of any in Norwich. It is delivered to over 3,000 of the 4,053 houses in Norwich, and read by ninetythree per cent, of the people. In Windham it is dowered to over 900 houses, in Putnam and Danielson to over 1,100 and in all of these places it is considered the local daily.

Eastern Connecticut has fortynine towns, one hundred and sixty-five postoffice districts and cixty rural free delivery routes. The Bulletin is sold in every on all of the R. F. D. routes in Eastern Connecticut.

#### CIRCULATION

1901, average,..... 4,412 1905, average ...... 5.920

#### HAVE THE BULLETIN FOLLOW YOU

Readers of The Bulletin leaving the city for vacation tries can have it follow them daily and thus keep in touch with home affairs. Order through The Bulletin business office.

#### SHOULD BRING RENEWED EF-FORT.

By a close majority vote of the few hundred who took the pains to express their minds thereon, the proposition to issue bonds for the purmise of putting the sidewalks of the city in a condition which would be in keeping with an enterprising community was defeated. It thus becomes a dead issue as far as that method of overcoming the discreditable situation

Norwich by its vote has declared that those who walk must get along with the existing condition of sidewalks or some other manner of dealing with the problem must be adopted it will have upon its defensive operwhich will meet with the approval of ations. the majority. It is not to be gathered city are satisfied with the character broken surfaces and dilapidation. It was even manifested that a great many are prepared to participate in any reasonable plan that can be devised for bringing about a betterment, and the fact that one effort to reach a solution has failed does not augur against success along different lines or warrant the abandonment of the effort for the much needed im-

provement. Whatever effect the vote may have upon the plan submitted, it cannot help being recognized that Norwich walks were never in a more wretched condition. They need attention and they need it now and if through no other way there should be enough public spirit and civic pride on the part of the individuals to respond to the demand. Norwich suffers frightfully in comparison with the action of other cities concerning sidewalks. The vote must not be a cause for discouragement, but for renewed ef-

#### RAISING WILD CARROTS.

Reports indicate that it is a big year for crops and they are well supported by a little observation. Nothing, however, appears to be growing better than the wild carrots and it makes little difference in which direction one goes, there is to be found a prolific growth of this persistent plant which soon drives out all others and takes full possession of the land. In some instances so little attention is given to the suppression of the wild carrot that a field at a distance gives the impression that it is a well cultivated patch of buckwheat.

This discloses not only a disregard for the worth of farmland and the property of neighbors, but it shows a contempt for a state law which forto seed. No one pays any attention to the law. Many property owners are careful to cut or pull the carrots wherever they are discovered because they know the plant to be a detriment to the land and other crops, but might as well not have been enacted.

The wild carrot is a pest and once it gets a chance to live and spread it quickly becomes a hard task to cradicate it. It is generally recogmed as being no good, but even then too slight thought is given to the fight which should be made against it. The fields that are white with it show that same spirit of don't care on the part of the owner which is indicated by the orchard filled with tent caterpillars. it is one of the little details of farmng which is seriously neglected. The crop this year couldn't be any better f the plant was being cultivated.

WEAK AND FUTILE RELIANCE. If it is the intention of Germany to rely upon the claim that the Arabic was sunk by striking a floating nine and thus take the blame from own shoulders and place it upon onditions over which they have no control it is a weak and futile hope. each was the first claim made when he Nebraskan was attacked, but sub- neutrality.

quent investigation which was made inasmuch as the American vessel did not sink, showed that it was the vicim of a torpedo and Germany was

In the case of the Arabic all the evidence is in support of the torpedo. the water headed for the Arabic, the commander of which vessel being unthough he had received no warning and had not even got a glimpse of the attacking submarine. The underwater craft, however, was seen. It had fired a torpedo into the Dunsley and the crew of that ship saw it operating at its stern though it carried

no distinguishing mark.

The submarines of the British navy are not operating against British ships. They have not as yet adopted such method of attacking commercial ressels under whatever flag they may be flying, while the torpedoing of the Arabic was in full accord with the methods which Germany has been using in the past. There is nothing in the facts thus far disclosed which does anything but fasten the blame entirely upon Germany. Its reputation In that very particular is against it while the evidence obtained doesn't cause the least doubt.

#### INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS.

After laboring for a long time and with much of its work receiving sharp criticism because of the methods adopted by its chairman, the industrial relations commission, named for the purpose of investigation and reporting on conditions existing between capital and labor for the purpose of remedying those which are detrimental has rendered its findings.

As might have been expected the commission is unable to agree upon any one report. The members not only disagree upon conditions as found, but they disagree upon the action which should be taken to promote better relations and to bring about re-lief and industrial peace. Three reports are submitted as the result of the work which has covered a period of three years and which has cost

upwards of half a million dollars. These reports are made for the pur-pose of guiding congress in such steps as it may consider it advisable to take as the result of the investigations. Just how much benefit will be derived therefrom remains to be seen. The conflicting character of the findings and recommendations, including those of a highly radical nature, can as they are calculated to assist. The one point on which all appear to agree is that there is need of an adjustment of industrial conditions, but that was recognized before the commission was named. If, however, their work results in something being accomplished, it will be worth the money spent otherwise it will be a waste of time, noney and effort.

#### RUSSIA'S NAVAL VICTORY.

Though the details are meagre it cannot help being realized that the naval victory in the Gulf of Riga furnishes encouragement of no small importance to the Russians. It comes at a time when they need it following the Austrian armies into and through Poland and into Russian territory at the north. With a carefully planned campaign against that seaport and with preparations apparently underway for launching large forces against Petrograd the Russians were in need of such a victory for the influence which it will have more its defendence.

Whether the Russians operated from the vote that the people of this alone in that sea battle or had the assistance of British submarines it of its sidewalks in their present state matters little. They put up a fight Germany and accomplished the destruction of a naval unit which Germany is in no position to lose without some adequate gain, and this it failed to make. It was a repulse which stands out to the credit of the Russian naval commanders, and weakens the strength of Germany in the Baltic. Riga is a point of vantage which the Germans might well covet. It is a port which is necessary for the conduct of whatever operations they may have in mind for further campaigns in the north. Equally true is it that there should have been no expectation that it would be an easy nut to crack. Russia knows its value and its defense of the gulf and port was in accordance therewith.

> EDITORIAL NOTES. Dollar day. Norwich's business flags

are out. Someone or something is needed to

take the balk out of the Balkans.

The man on the corner says: A dollar is worth more today than it was yesterday.

Norwich has only to take a glimpse at New London to understand how little it has to brag about in the shape of sidewalks.

Inasmuch as Obregon, Carranza's fighting general, says no to the peace proposals, what is the use waiting for

other replies? Germany is reported on the verge of bankruptcy, but it looks just at present as if it would require an in-

roluntary petition.

While the North sea and the Engish channel are looked upon as the marine graveyards of the war, the Baltic appears to be getting some

The last reserves are reported to have been sent to Hayti, and yet there as far as the law is concerned it are those who believe the military branch of the government is thorough ly prepared

> Norwich should be the mecca today for those who are trying to make their money go the farthest and ascerthe best advantage.

> towards it, but its honor and dignity cannot be trampled upon,

Those Greeks and Italians in Massachusetts town who went on a strike because they would not work might as well be thrown into the with Turks probably figure they are melting pot and be recast in the form helping to force the Dardanelles.

Cotton having been declared conraband and the government having noved to finance the cotton crop, Germany will probably set up the claim that it is another breach of

#### **FACING DIFFICULTIES**

In a country village away down in Maine a young teacher had taken her first school. It was a hard one, as most country schools are. Many a teacher had tried to fill the place and failed. The last one who attempted it had been turned out of the school by the pupils and the door locked. The one before that had left in despair. No one could keep the school, the people of the village affirmed.

But not a word of this was said to little Miss Wade. She came fresh from the normal school, with bright those and high ideals which she meant to carry out. "If the scholars don't learn it'll be my own fault," was one of her pet theories.

The new teacher selected her daintiest gown for the opening day of school, a pale blue with lace at the fidence, she approached the small country school-house, giving a word of greeting to the group of girls who stood staring and snickering outside the gate. But no one responded to the gate

were dingy, with deep cuts where they had been hacked by the jack-knives of generations past. The knives of generations past. The black-boards were grimy, and the walls and ceilings black with dirt and smoke of the past years. The windows were covered with mud and cobwebs.

The prospect was not encouraging, but Miss Wade walked over to one of but Miss Wade walked over to one of the windows and threw it wide open, letting in the fresh morning air and sunshine, and the scent of sweet-brier and cedar. Looking out she saw a view of field and wood that gladdened her heart. She tried the other windows but they stuck fast. Turning toward the door she saw a motley group of children dodsing in and out pushing each other and and out, pushing each other and with stamping feet. They carried a giggling.

With stamping feet. They carried a kind of litter. Miss Wade faced them

giggling.

Next Miss Wade looked about for a duster but could find none. What was to be done? Everything was covered with dirt; she couldn't let the children in her eye that for a moment quelled come into the room in that condition! At last she found a rag and with it dusted desks and chairs and window sills. There were no pictures. How she wished she had brought some from home—she would send for them at once. The few maps on the walls were yellow with age and out of date. Visions of all she would ask the committee to do for her came into her be depended upon to confuse as much mittee to do for her came into her mind. The bell was large and heavy,

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Graves of Winter Green and Others.

Mr. Editor: In a letter signed "One of the Ramblers," which appeared in this morning's issue of your paper, inquiry is made concerning Spy Rock in Griswold and the graves of Winter Green and others found upon its crest. Spy Rock is interesting topo-graphically as the north side of the noble gateway through which the Pachaug valley enters the valley of the Quinebaug. Across the Pachaug river over against Spy Rock stands Gee serious losses which have accompanied Hill, forming the south side of the the drives of the German and sateway. The crests of these hills are each 360 feet above sea level and are the highest points in this immediate vicinity. From both lovely views

scriptions: "In memory of Mr. Winter Green, who died Nov. 27, 1809 in the

76th year of his age.

Attend an offered grace today

Nor loose the blessing by delay."

"E. L. G. died the 8th day of January, 1735"; "E. B. 1751"; "I. B. 1745";

"W. G. 1734."

In 1903 when the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Rev-olution placed a boulder on the green in front of the church in Pachaug "To the memory of the seventeen Rev-olutionary martyrs of ancient Pachaug," historical research revealed that one of these men, Caleb Green, was the son of Winter Green, whose grave is on Spy Rock, and that an-other, Dr. Eben Robinson, was probably his nephew. Winter Green marably his nephew. Winter Green mar-ried Borrodil Bennet and lived on the ancestral farm at Spy Rock where his father, John, and his grandfather, William, had lived and died before William, had lived and died before him. The Bennets, to which family his wife belonged, were his neigh-bors and it is probable that this place of graves on Spy Rock is the family burial ground of the Bennets and the Greens.

No one knows just why the hill is

called Spy Rock, or when it was so

DANIEL L. PHILLIPS. Jewett City, Conn., Aug. 24, 1915.

#### Personal Liberty.

Mr. Editor: Of recent years it has been the fashion for certain editors to scoff at "personal liberty" in connection with the movement to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor, but I wonder if these same scoffers will approve of the peculiarly offensive form of attack on personal liberty to buy and use liquor that is described in the following Associated Press item from Mason City, in the "dry" state of Iowa: "The seizure of 119 barrels of beer at a local railroad freight house caused the city authorities today to decide on the appointment of an official to be known as 'liquor censor.' It is to be the duty of the censor to determine what citizens have temperance records sufficiently good to entitle them to re-ceive liquor from wet territory."

This item may or may not be true. But its truth is not essential, because the main point is that just such wretched medling with other people's business is the logical outcome of the

prohibition propaganda.

The ideal temperance law from the "dry" standpoint would be to give to a prohibitionist the power to sit in judgment on the fitness of his neighbors to select the articles of their diet But why stop with a censorship on diet?
Why not pass officially on the moral

fitness of each of the women of the community to adopt certain styles of Why not have an official censorship on each man's fitness to handle money, or to take unto himself a wife, or to

their money go the farthest and ascertain where it can always be used to the best advantage.

This country has not been and is not now looking for war. It has done its utmost to avoid any tendency towards it, but its honor and dignity

or to take unto himself a wife, or to have more than one child?

It would seem that our civil liberty is in greater danger from "reform" than it is from any other source, for it is only in the name of goodness that our freedom is being curtailed.

The leading prohibition organization calls itself the "Church in Action" and as such is attempting to assume and as such, is attempting to assume control of the political and moral af-fairs of the people, and if the so-called "Church in Action", succeeds in getting control, then the Liberty Bell

#### DO YOU FEEL HEADACHY? LOOK TO YOUR STOMACH

It is an unusual thing for a drug-gist to sell medicine under a guaran-tee to refund the money if it does not cure. Yet this is the way Lee & Osgood Co., the popular druggists, are selling Mi-o-na, the standard dyspep-

selling Mi-o-na, the standard dyspepsia remedy.

Never before have they had so large a number of customers tell them that a medicine has been successful as with Mi-o-na. People who a few months ago looked like walking skeletons have put on flesh and today are ruddy and vigorous with perfect digestion and good health.

There is no longer any need for anyone suffering or making their friends suffer on account of dyspepsia. Mi-o-na can always be relied upon. The percentage of cures is so great that there is little risk to Lee & Osgood Co. in guaranteeing to return the money if the medicine does not relieve. And they stand ready to do so without any questions.

lieve. And they stand ready to do so without any questions.

Headaches, all forms of indigestion, specks before the eyes, dizzy feelings, poor sleep, ringing in the ears and all forms of liver trouble are helped by Mi-o-na. A few days' treatment should show considerable gain in health while a complete cure often follows rapidly. follows rapidly,

These days are the best in the whole year for the enjoyment of good health, and Mi-o-na will put you in such perfect condition that you can enjoy every minute of them. "they'll do the singing."
"Where are the boys?" asked Miss
Wade, a little puzzled.

employed in the factories and foun-dries of Charleroi. "Against its | broken skyline the smoke of its furnace fires ascended day and night, and close behind one another freight trains sped over the thick network of railroads in the hill

had never imagined before—and from mere children!—So the boys meant to carry her off, did they?—they would country with an unending stream of metal material and manufactured ware. The highly developed railway net was, however, insufficient for the transport of the district's goods, much of which found its markets over the canals from Charleroi to Brussels and see!

"Well, we will begin work," she said quietly, and started to pass the pencils. Just then the door burst open and a dozen boys, of ages from seven to fifteen, burst into the room, with stamping feet. They covered a to Mons, thence through the main ar-teries of the Scheldt basin to the port of Antwep and to Northern France.

"The coal mines around the city were operated at depths of 5,000 feet and more The coal belt reaches in a long, narrow band northeast-southwest from Northern Belgium into France. The basis of the industry of the Charleroi district were its smelter "Sartin' sure," squeeled one who seemed to be the leader, "an' we're France. The basis of the industry of the Charlerol district were its smelter and iron working, factories Here, within two miles of the city, the iron works of Couillet turned out one-third of all the cast iron produced in Bel-gium. Large nail factories, glass works both for blown and plate glass and a number of lesser industries throve. There was a large increase of goin' ter give ye a ride in this 'ere."

Miss Wade paid no attention to the
threat, but said pleasantly: "You're fust the one I've been waiting for, you're strong and can open these windows for me, will you, please?—
The rest may take their seats—
QUIETLY—" throve. There was a large increase of immigration from Northern France in-The boys looked a little surprised The boys looked a little surplished and sheepish. Two or three of the larger ones started, with a noisy dive of Caesar's time was fast shrinking to for the windows. The younger ones a mere classical memory. "Charleroi was founded in 1666, and "Charleroi was founded in 1666, and "Willful sovereign."

which way to turn.

"Thank you very much," smiled
Miss Wade when the windows were
all wide open, "now we can breathe
freely. If you will take your seats we will proceed with the work."

Taken unawares the boys drifted into their seats, but not to work, All the morning there was half suppressed laughter and whispering gon, and a shuffle of feet, and glances, which plainly said: "Just wait and see—We're not going to be conquered by you."

France and with the commercial centers of its own country are excellent. By the treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle it became French and was fortified by the renowned Vauban. The little city twice withstood the might of William of Orange.

"There is a strong French element in the city's character. Many French-quered by you."

quered by you."

Miss Wade thought best to pay no attention to the mutiny, but kept up a constant change of work that left no time for disturbance. In fact, she in 1894 it fell again into the hands of the French, later to become Dutch and finally Belgian. Wellington, the best-remembered war lord among the Belones, and even some of the girls, and calling forth looks of expectancy and wonder as to what would come next. gians, directed the re-fortification of But it was with a feeling of intense relief that she saw her young charges the city in 1816. The Germans found the city in 1816. The Germans found the city is defenses negligible when they swept over the place in August, they swept over the place in August,

It was a noisy exit, not at all what she had planned, or expected—Was this the work to which she had looked forward with so much joy and entherisms? It is second that the looked the invasions undertaken by the Alforward with so much joy and en- the invasions undertaken by the thusiasm? It seemed that the whole lies—that into southern Alsaceworld was arrayed against her. She leaned her arms on her desk and sank her throbbing head upon them. For a moment she was almost tempted to give up to despair—But hope and described in today's war primer of the National Geographic society:
"Belfort and Metx are among the

ing her head back proudly, "I'm not to be conquered by a set of misstrongest forts in the world, both possessing formidable natural positions which have been strengthened in evchievous boys and girls; I don't be-lieve they're bad at heart. I must ery way known to modern engineer-ing. The primary importance of both find some way to reach them. They didn't succeed in throwing me out to-day, anyhow, that's one thing gained," and the smile came into her places is their military strength, and in neither place have commercial and industrial 'booms' found any encour-agement at the hands of the authorieyes at the thought of it.

Day by day went by and Miss Wade seemed to gain but little headway. ties. Belfort is a storehouse where vast quantities of military supplies are kept, and the safety lock to the French back door. During the presions were in very much the same state, the undercurrent of rebellion.

It was telling on her nerves. She felt her pupils were not learning. Something must be done.

Just before the close of school on Friday afternoon Miss Wade stood for a moment before her class in significant section. ent war it has supported a determined invasion beyond the neighboring borders of Alsace.

"Paris lies 275 miles away from this fortress in the west-northwest, and the capital and the outpost are joined for a moment before her class in si-lence. Her eyes swept the room with by the main line of the Eastern way. The German city Altkirch hes The German city Altkirch lies a gaze that almost mesmerised every pupil, till at last there was silence in the room such as there had not been hausen is little more than 20 miles distant. The French post is situated astride of a narrow valley in the midst since she first entered it. Very frail she seemed and very pretty, yet with inward strength and dignity. "Scholars," she began at length, in of a convolution of sharply broken hills. The intersection of the roads "Scholars," she began at length, in calm, quiet tones, in which there was power, and an undercurrent of love and sympathy: "My boys and girls, I came here to teach you—to help you—to do you good. It is my firm belief if my pupils do not learn it is my own fault and I am to blame. I think I have tried but I do not see the results—Boys and girls, am I a failure—Shall I give up—Shall I go home?—Or—will you help me?"

For a moment there was perfect silence, not a child moved. The slow and rallways between Paris and Basel Switzerland, and between Lyons and Strassburg occur here. Before the war a large trade passed through Bel-

fort to and from Germany.
"The forts of the city are the most up to date of works, constructed and maintained with unhesitating freehanded expenditure. They consist of powerful fortifications close upon the city and of outworks built into and upon the tangled hills. During peace times there was a thriving manufac-ture of machinery, locomotives, wire, textiles and other metal products her which manufacture is doubly valuable to the city in war time.

lence, not a child moved. The slow ticking of the clock seemed like a knell. Then the boy who had been the leader of them all, gaunt and tall, sprang to his feet. In his eye was a look Miss Wade had never seen be-"Belfort was the only French fortress to oppose an unconquerable re-sistance to the violent tide of Ger-man invasion in 1870-1871 Aimost from the beginning of the war it was cut off from the interior of France. "I like your pluck, an' you hain't failed. Stand by us an' we'll stand by you!—Fellers an' girls," he called, "Every one who's goin' ter stand by Its forts then were merely the anti-quated works of the famous engineer Vauban, but supplemented by impro-vised field works they withstood cvery effort of bombardment and as-sault. Belfort, however, must have surrendered in the end as by the time of the general armistice the Germans were surely advancing their final moves for its reduction. Belfort today is a much more powerful place than was the city of 1870-1871." Ing rang with the hearty chorus.

Tears came into the little teacher's eyes, but they were tears of joy. She

> Russian Military Theory. The Russian military theory seems to be that Hidenburg will take cold as easily as Napoleon did, if he will go far enough and stay long enough. New York Mail.

The War a Year Ago Today Aug. 25, 1914. Austria declared war on Japan.

Germans in East Prussia retreat-

ed on Koenigsberg. Russians reached point within eighty miles of Lemberg, Galicia. French evacuated Muelhauser Lord Kitchener made his first speech in house of commons, predicting a long war.

Taken From Famous Novel by Harold McGrath

THE BROKEN COIN | PARAMOUNT TRAVELOGUE

#### Today COLONIAL THEATRE Today

#### OTHER VIEW POINTS

The Connecticut peach crop is des-tined to break all records for prolific yield this year. But the price of peaches by the quart sticks at the same old notch which it reached when the crop hereabouts as a total failure, —Ansonia Sentinei. ia Sentinel.

Holyoke, tied up for nearly a week Holyoke, tied up for hearly a week by a trolley strike, seems to be act-ing on the supposition that the strike will be settled by force. Force has been frequently use in troubles of this kind, but in the end the most of them have been settled by arbitra-tion. And arbitration seldom accom-plishes much until after work has been resumed.—Hartford Times.

It will take gold, and gold in vast quantities, to save British credit in this country The American people this country. The American people are not yet ready to furnish war supplies and then pay for them. Britain must pay her debts in the United States or she will soon find the war supply market closed to her. Manufacturers must have something more than British war debts with which to pay their employes. The American workman demands money for his services, and he will have it or quit work because his family must have the necessities of life. This is the point at which British financial deception has been unmasked.—Torrington Register.

Beyond any question it would be feasible to build a sufficient number of hydroelectric plants on the Connecticut river to supply every power need in a territory 50 or 100 miles wide, the whole length of the river, from Lake Connecticut to Saybrook The economical effect of this can be only dimly imagined. Suppose this whole territory ceased to face the necessity of buying coal for power plants, for instance. Think of the coal that would thus be released for other purposes and the effect which the economy alone would have on the law of demand and supply in the coal market. The whole subject of possible develop-ment is highly interesting and offers possibilities almost limitless.—Hart-ford Post.

Many difficult names used frequently in war news become comparatively easy when one is in possession of a few simple rules. Remember that i is pronounced like y, and that w is pronounced lik v or ff. The vowel pronounced lik v or fl. The vowel value of w does not exist among the Slavonic nations. Thus, Cracow is pronounced as "Crackoff.' And the barbarous looking consonantal combination prz is pronounced almost as zh. Before the Russians changed the

# DAVIS THEATRE

KEITH VAUDEVILLE THE NEWSBOYS

SEXTETTE Big Singing Comedy Act

NEW PHOTO PLAYS WM. S. HART In the Big Western Drama THE GRUDGE, Two Roots DIAMOND FROM THE SKY Chapter Nine in Two Reels THREE ROSES Thanhouser Drame

KEYSTONE COMEDY

**Uusual Time and Prices** 

name of Przemysl to Permysl there name of Przemysi to Permysi there was a lot of talk about the proper pronunciation of the name. Even what was supposed to be expert linguistic opinion was not unanimous on that word. An emient English linguist says that "Zheemeecsi" is the nearest practical method of expressing the sound—New Haven Union.

One most unique and exceedingly attractive characteristic of the entire affair was the total absence of a consiomeration of dry, uninteresting, sleep-producing oratory. The one address of the day, made by Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, was short but pithy and was received with enthusiasm by his hearers—Bridgeport

The most gratifying news that has come out of Chicago in many a day is that announcing the panic among the wheat gamblers. There will be no pity for any member of that unholy crew of piratical sharpers who are trading on the necessities of suffering Europe and literally picking the pockets of American people at the same time. It would be postic justice were every one of them so reduced in circumstances that they had to go to the wheat fields as harvest hands. Real work at something useful would mitigate them.—Bristol Press.

Children Cry CASTORIA

If you want something to walk on, come to

# Alexander's Boot Shop

and have him fit your feet with a pair of Shoes at the

One Dollar Sale

9 Main Street, Norwich, Conn. Opposite Colonial Theatre

### STEAMER BLOCK ISLAND DAILY SERVICE Until Sept. 7 to WATCH HILL and BLOCK ISLAND

Block Island .....Lv. \*2.15 \*\*2.45 Watch Hill .......... New London ...... 3.45 5.10 Norwich ...... Due 6.30 P. M. P. M. P. M. P. M. Daily, except Sundays

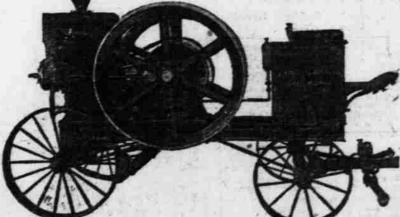
SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS

Adults, 50c; Children, 25c

Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, July 7 to September 3rd WATCH HILL RETURN | BLOCK ISLAND RETURN Adults, 75c; Children, 40c

Shore Dinner Houses and Bething Beach near landings at Watch Hill d Block Island. For further information, party rates, apply at office company on Shetucket Wharf, Norwich. NEW ENGLAND STEAMSHIP COMPANY C. J. ISBISTER, Agent

# **Silo Filling Outfits**



FARMERS ATTENTION! Now i s the time to buy Sile Filling Outfits the Fall. We sell FOOS ENGIN ES and PAPEC ENSILAGE CUTTERS THE C. S. MERSICK & CO.,

274-292 State St., New Haven, Conn.

Aug. 21, 1915,

of a church surmounted by a cannon, or more properly perhaps, the image of the thumbscrew used for the conversion of heretics.

Very truly yours,

T. M. GILMORE,

President National Model License

THE WAR PRIMER By National Geographic Society

fore, "Bully for you, teacher," he cried.

Miss Wade an' do your best, stand

"Now three cheers for teacher!" shouted the leader, and the old build-

Every one rose to his feet.

had conquered.—Boston Record.

Charleroi is among the highly im portant forge and foundry cities which have been brought behind the invading German lines. The following description of this widely famed industrial district was issued by the National Geographic society today:

"Charlerol, captured by the Germans at the outbreak of the war, was the center of the Belgian iron industry. Situated in the millst of a district rich in coal and iron, where there was an abundance of cheap, thrifty, industrious labor, the little city made its products known throughout Europe, South America and the Near East. More than 400,000 people found sup-More than 400,000 people found sup-port in a surrounding area of 190 square miles, while 40,000 men ware